

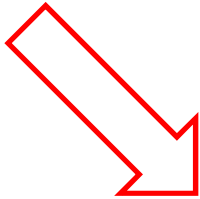
Introducing version control using Git, GitHub and Rstudio

v2020 11

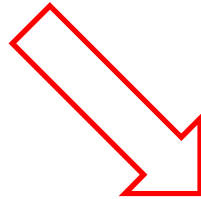


Version Control

Friends, Romans, countrymen, lend me your ears;



Friends, Romans, countrymen, lend me your ears;
I come to bury Caesar, not to praise him.
Bring me a shovel, and a bucket



Friends, Romans, countrymen, lend me your ears;
I come to bury Caesar, not to praise him.
The evil that men do lives after them;
The good is oft interred with their bones;

Progressive Saving Options

- Save and overwrite
 - Only have the latest version
 - Can't backtrack
- Save to new files
 - Full history
 - Lots of duplication
 - No partial backtracking

caesar.txt

caesar_1.txt
caesar_2.txt
caesar_3.txt

Version Control

Store differences to the last version

Version 1

```
+ Friends, Romans, countrymen, lend me your ears;
```

Version 2

```
+ I come to bury Caesar, not to praise him.  
+ Bring me a shovel, and a bucket
```

Version 3

```
- Bring me a shovel, and a bucket  
+ The evil that men do lives after them;  
+ The good is oft interred with their bones;
```

Managing a project is difficult and requires version control



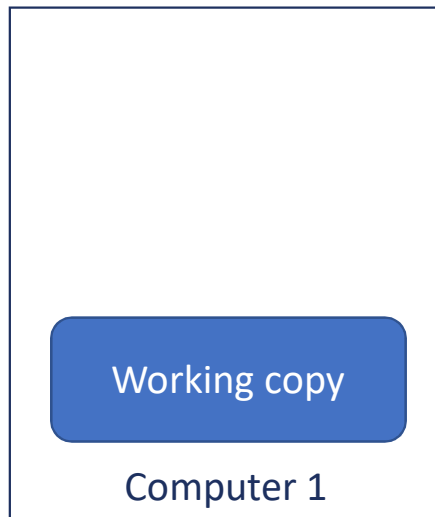
- Files edited
- Files added
- Files removed
- How to best manage this?

- Version control records each version of the project
- Previous versions can be accessed as and when required

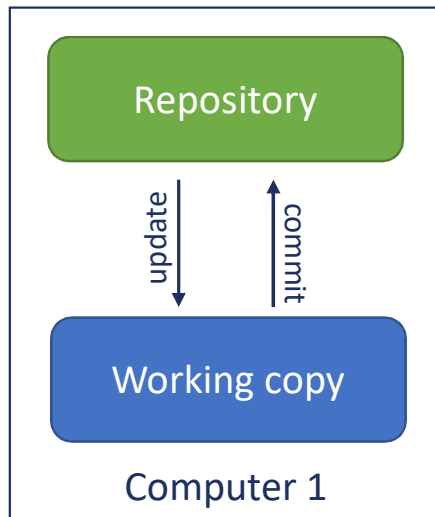
Version control is also useful because...

- It is a great way to keep track of how and why scripts were modified
- Back-up capabilities
- Collaboration
- Sharing

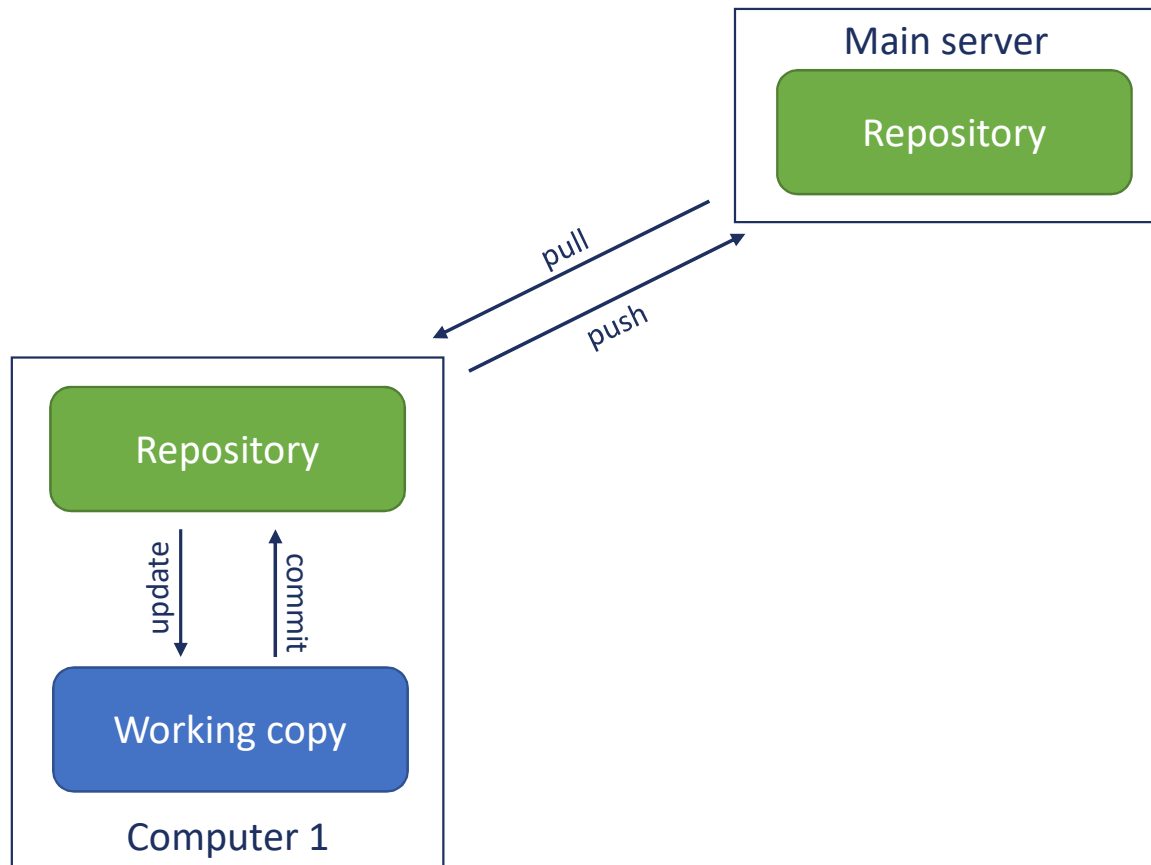
Distributed version control



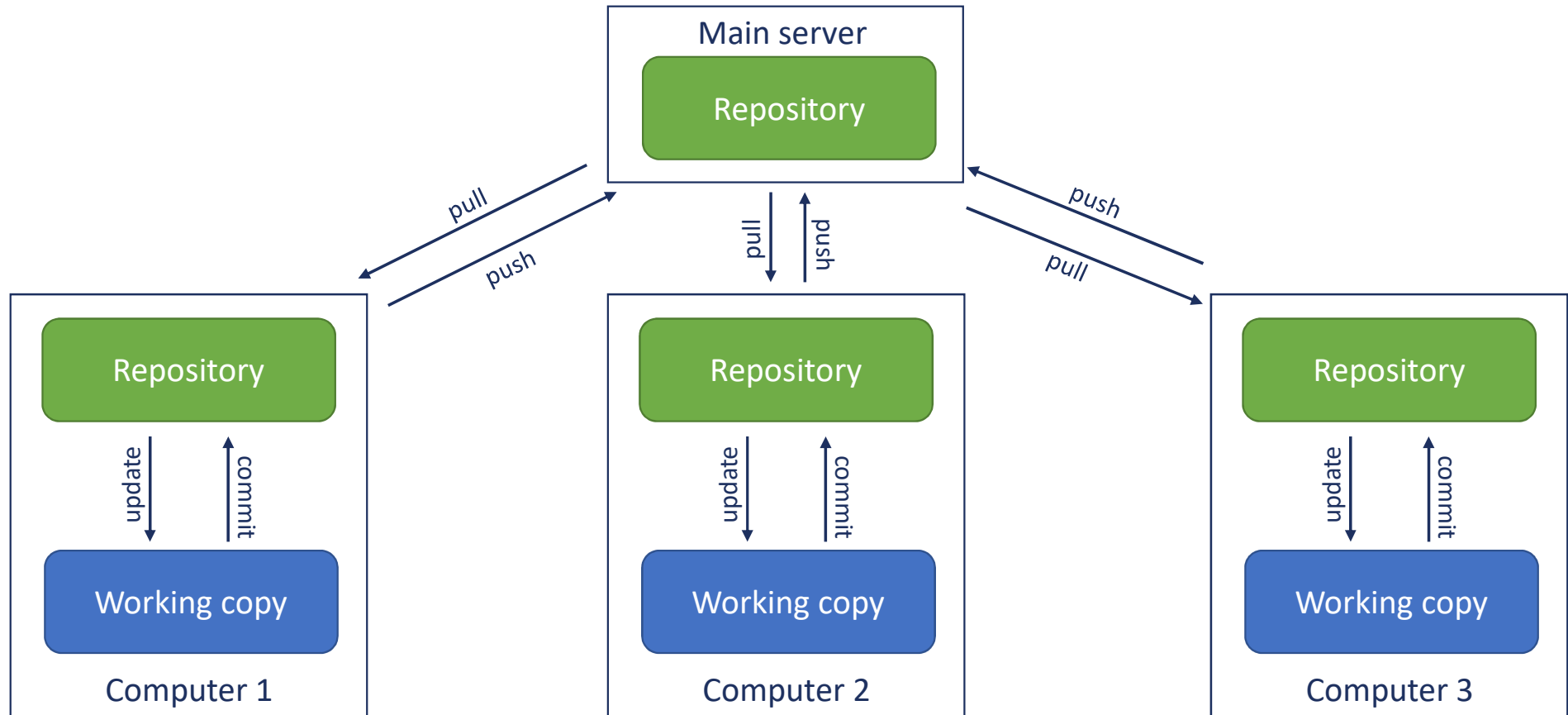
Distributed version control



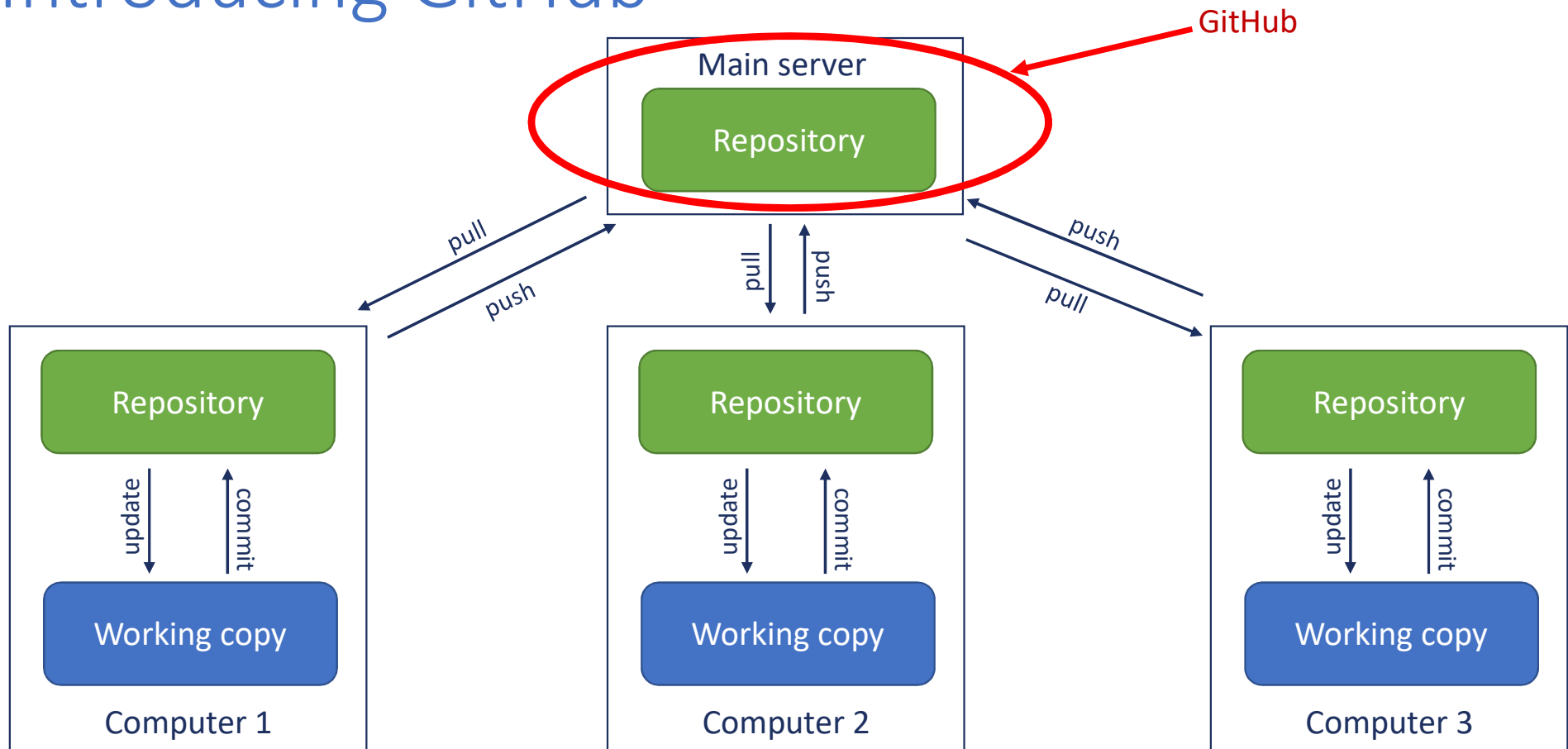
Distributed version control



Distributed version control

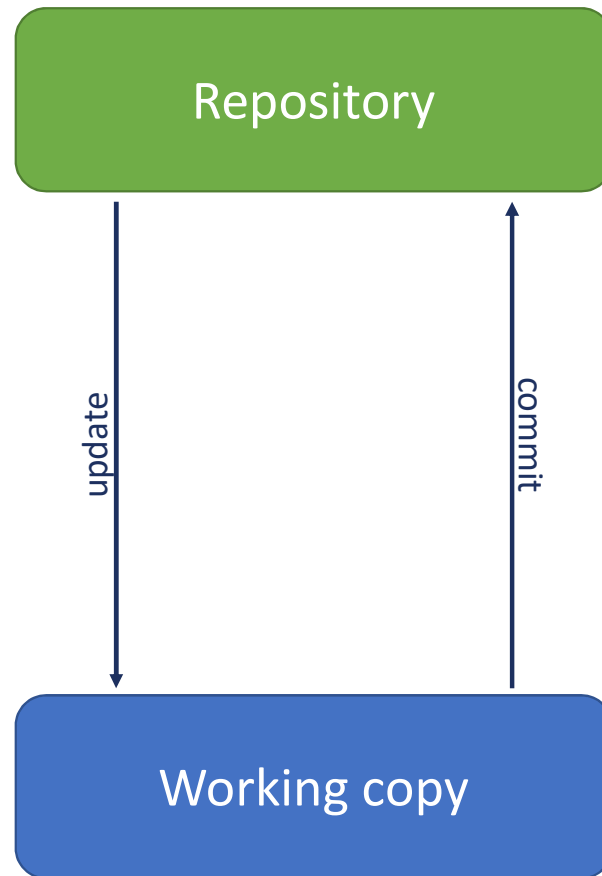


Introducing GitHub

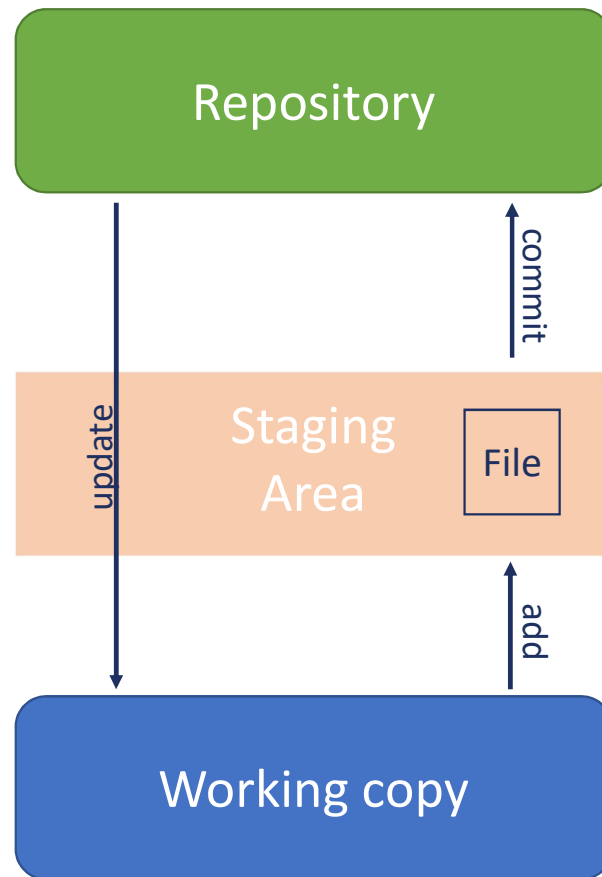


GitHub

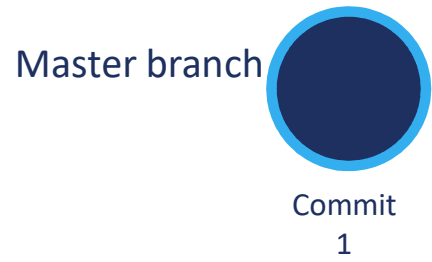
Committing files to a Git repository



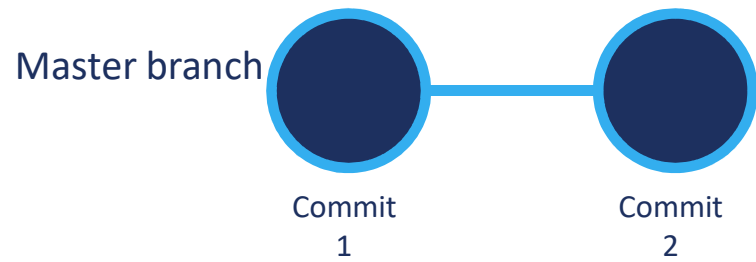
Committing files to a Git repository



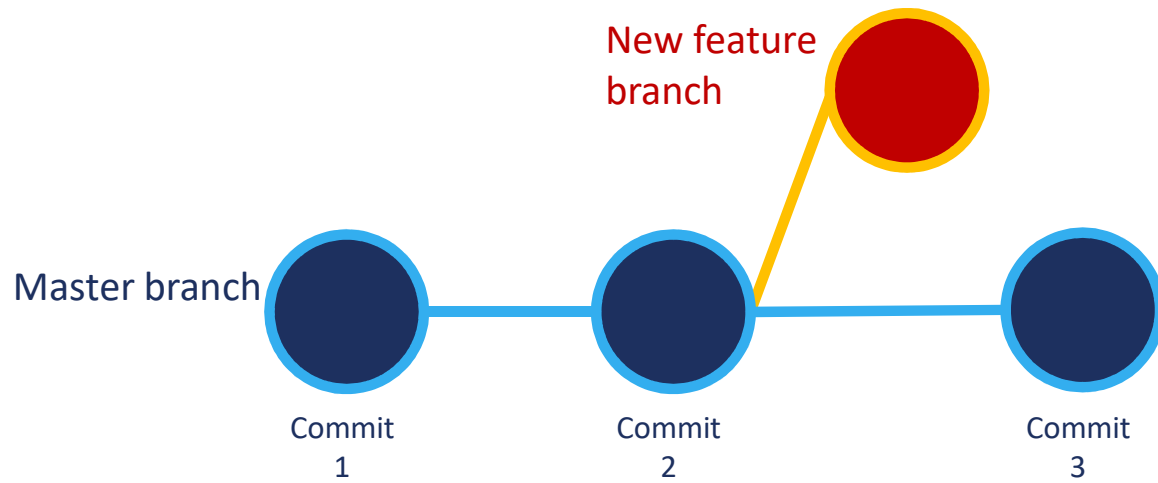
Branches



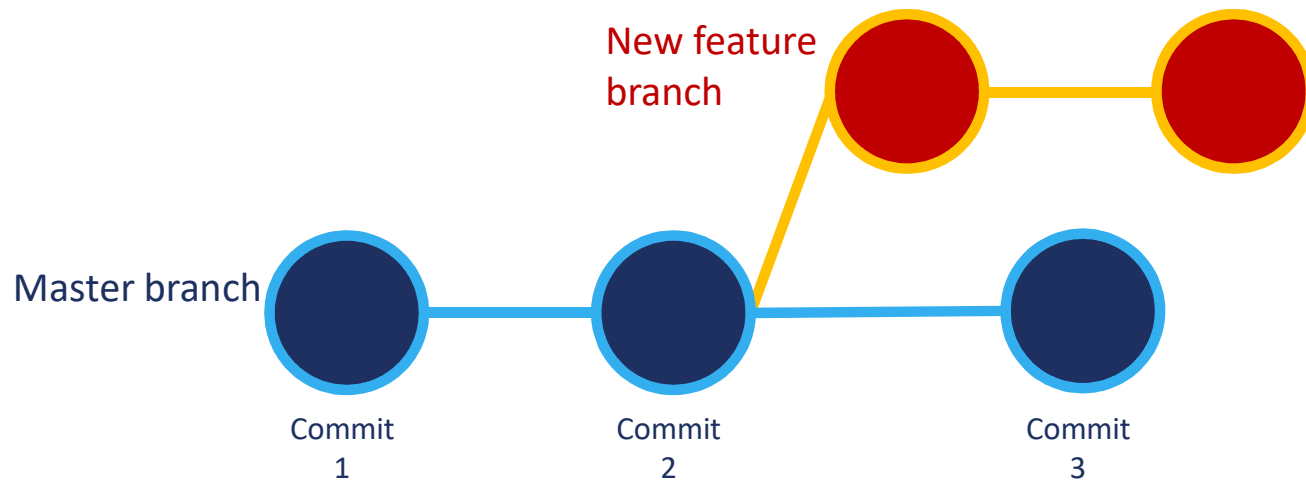
Branches



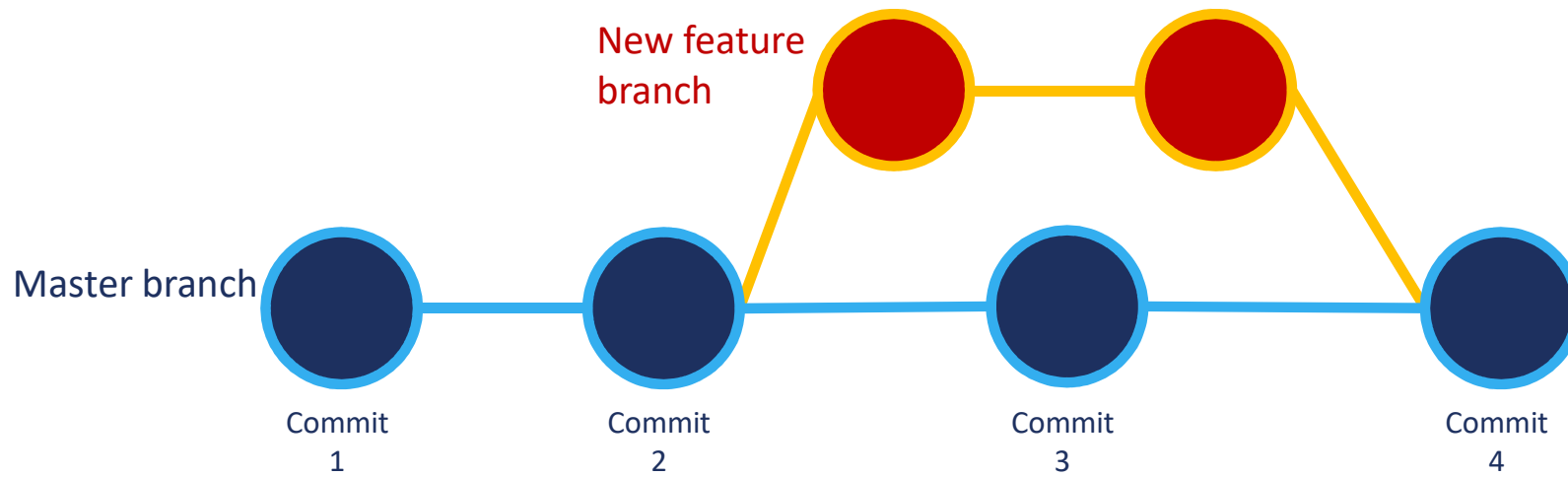
Branches



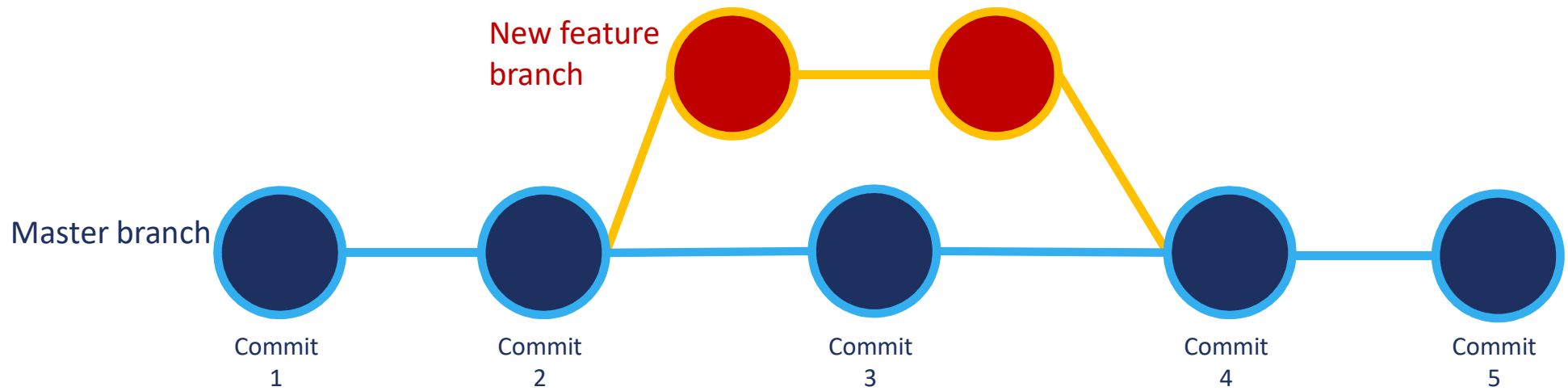
Branches



Branches



Branches



Checking out a previous version

Requires use of the terminal in RStudio

```
git checkout [revision] .
```

where [revision] is the commit hash, for example:

```
git checkout 668c6a44383e7381d0417143da12804f1ae8fb66 .
```

The . at the end means that all the files will be checked out.

To only checkout one file from a previous version:

```
git checkout [revision] [file_name]
```

e.g.

```
git checkout 668c6a44383e7381d0417143da12804f1ae8fb66 scatterplot.R
```

Other resources

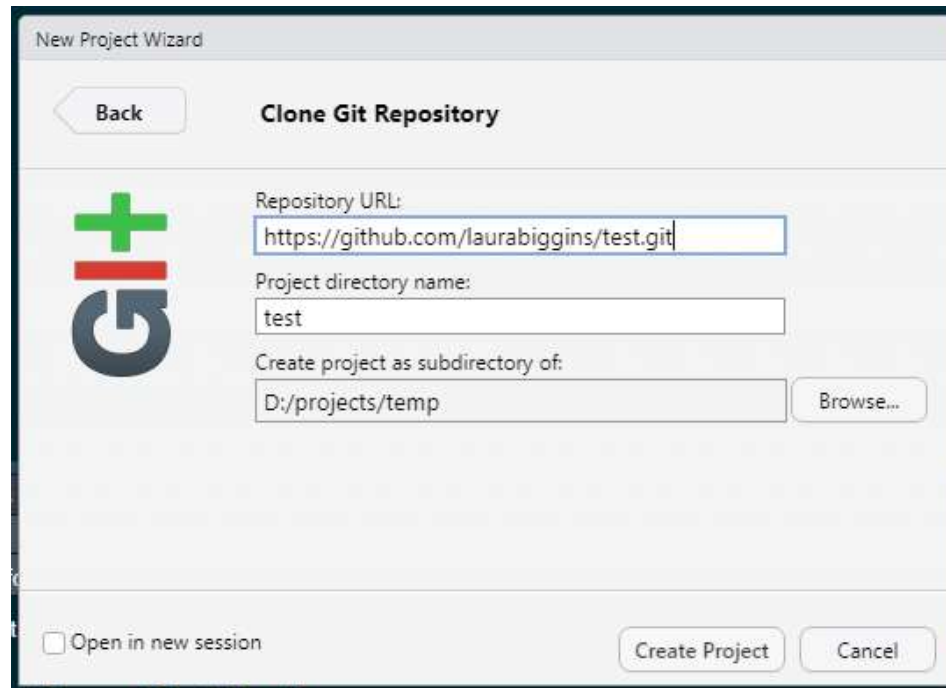
<https://happygitwithr.com/>

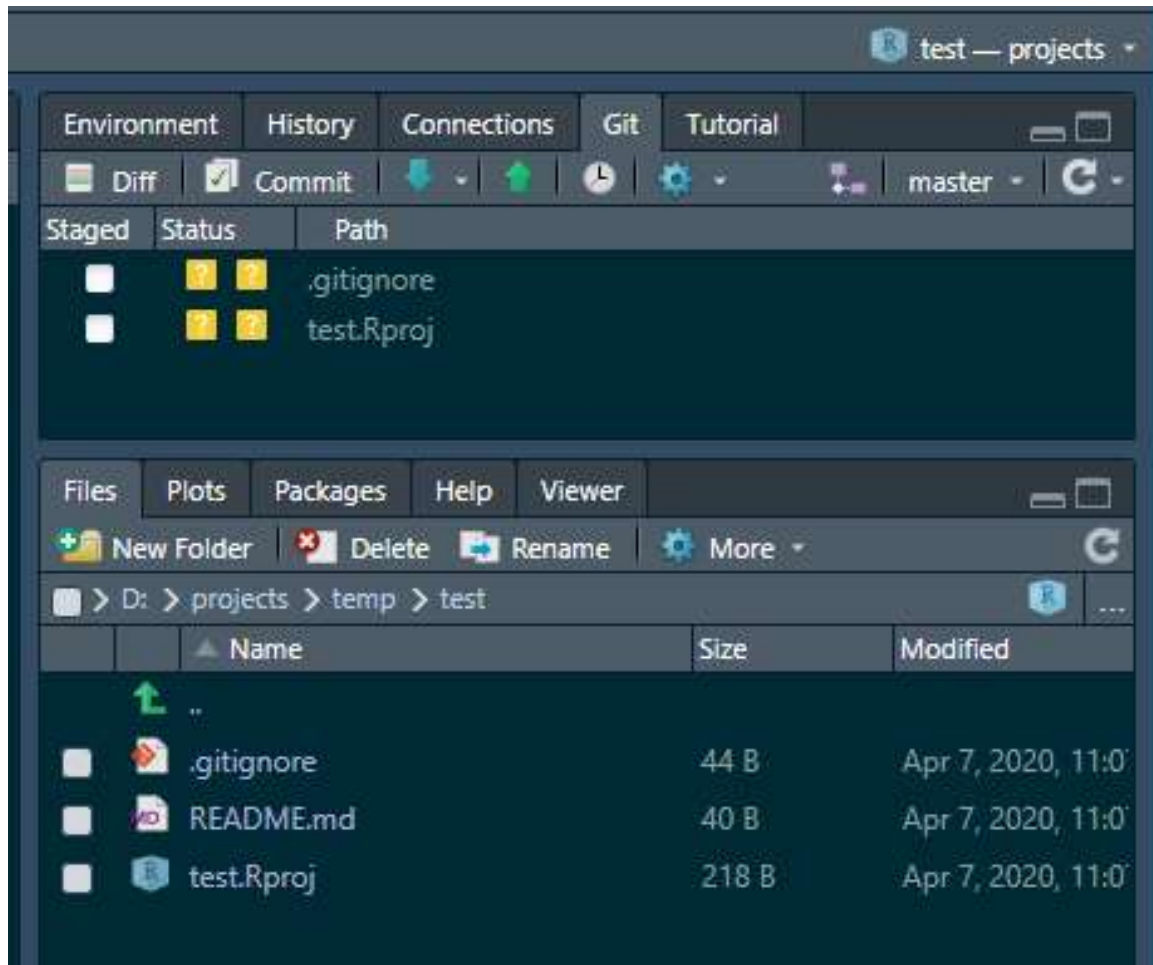
<https://rstudio.com/resources/webinars/managing-part-2-github-and-rstudio/>

<https://support.rstudio.com/hc/en-us/articles/200532077-Version-Control-with-Git-and-SVN>

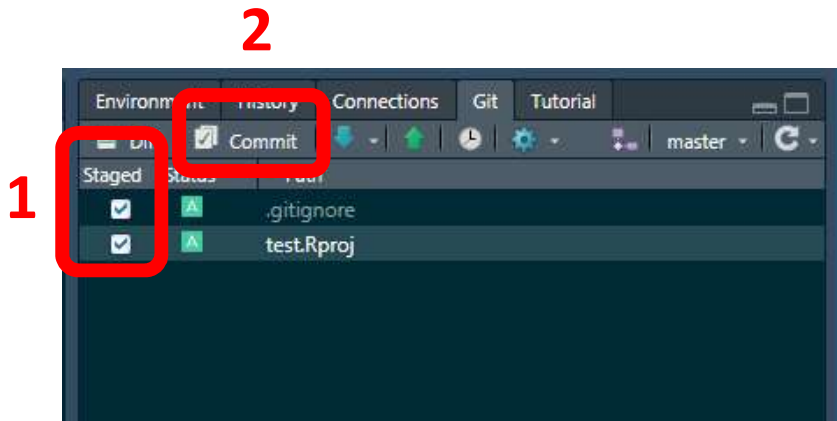
Cloning/Importing repository from GitHub into RStudio

New project -> Version Control -> Git
Paste in URL from GitHub



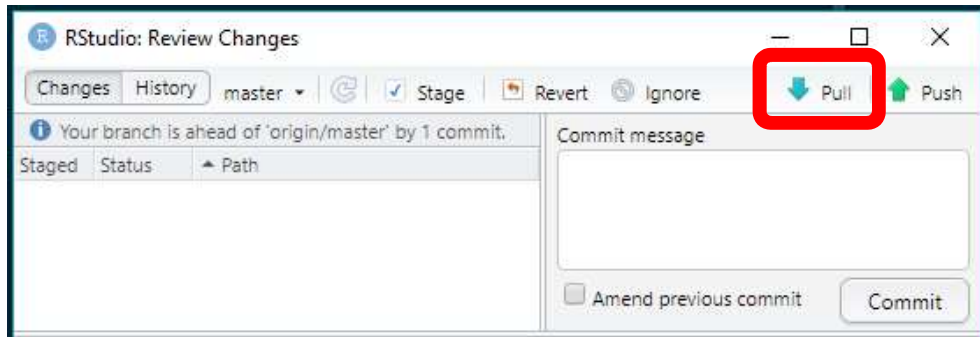


In creating the new Rproject, a test.Rproj file was created, along with a .gitignore file.

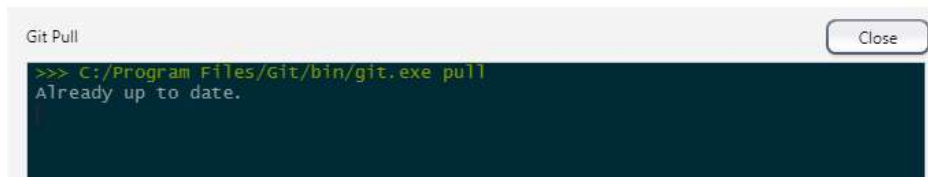


To stage the files – select the tick boxes under *Staged*

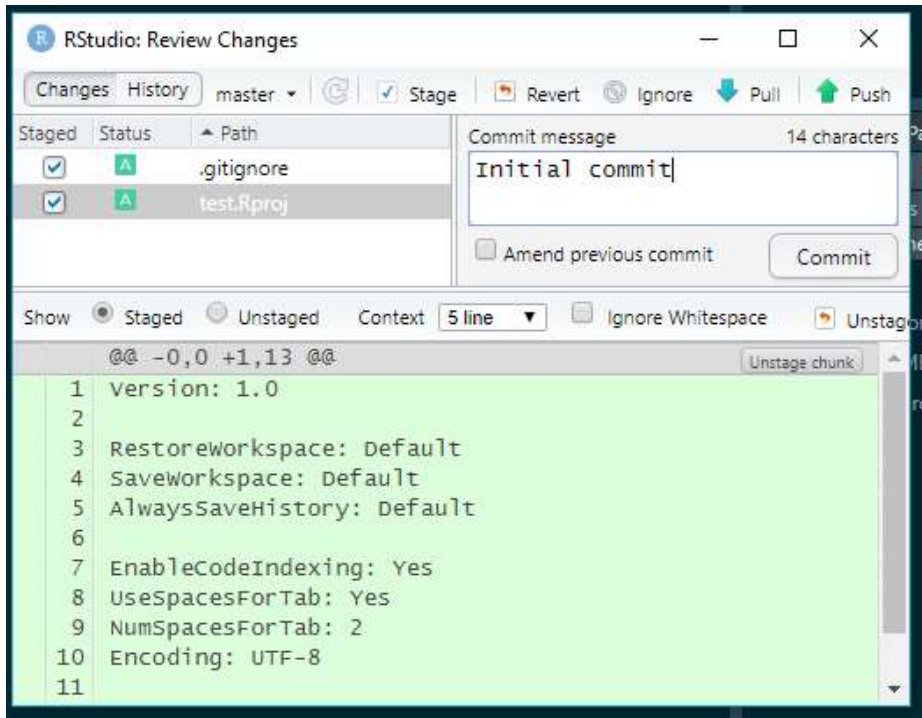
Click on Commit



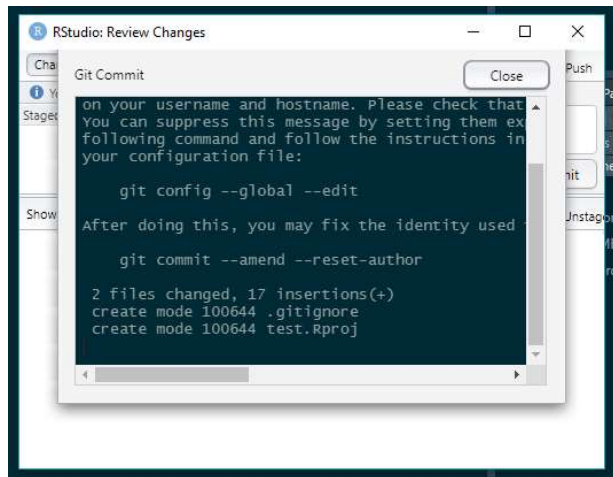
Always a good idea to do a Git pull



Should see an information message saying that it's already up to date



Add a commit message and select commit

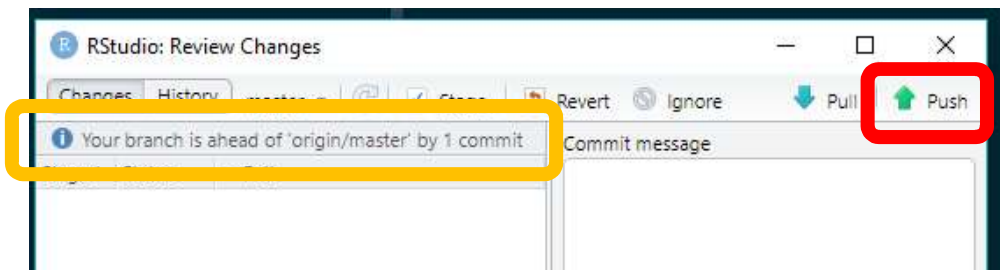


Should get confirmation – select Close

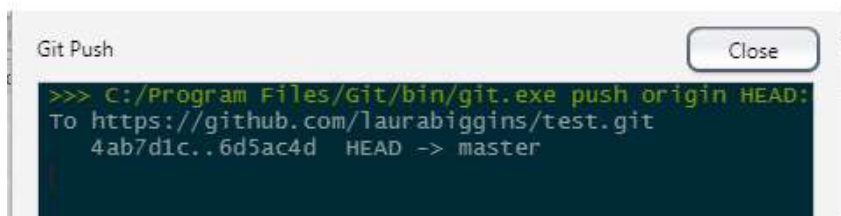


Should see an information message saying your branch is ahead of origin/master by 1 commit.

The changes – the creation of the new files - test.Rproj file and .gitignore, have been committed to the local git repo, but they haven't been pushed to the remote repository.



The push button can now be clicked



This should then push the changes to the remote repository.

Back to GitHub

This should then push the changes to the remote repository and if the GitHub web page is refreshed, the new files should appear.


The screenshot shows the GitHub interface for a repository named 'laurabiggins / test'. At the top, there are navigation options: 'Code', 'Issues 0', 'Pull requests 0', 'Actions', 'Projects 0', 'Wiki', 'Security', 'Insights', and 'Settings'. Below this, the repository name 'laurabiggins / test' is displayed, along with 'Unwatch 1', 'Star 0', and 'Fork 0' buttons. The repository description is 'temporary RStudio test project' with an 'Edit' button. A 'Manage topics' link is also present. A summary bar shows '2 commits', '1 branch', '0 packages', '0 releases', and '1 contributor'. Below this, there are buttons for 'Branch: master', 'New pull request', 'Create new file', 'Upload files', 'Find file', and 'Clone or download'. The commit history is shown as a table with columns for the commit author, the commit message, and the time since the commit.

| Commit | Message | Time |
|---------------|----------------|--------------|
| Laura Biggins | Initial commit | 21 hours ago |
| .gitignore | Initial commit | 21 hours ago |
| README.md | Initial commit | 22 hours ago |
| test.Rproj | Initial commit | 21 hours ago |

Existing R project not in GitHub

Export an R project to GitHub

Quick setup — if you've done this kind of thing before

 Set up in Desktop or **HTTPS** SSH `https://github.com/laurabiggins/RD.git` 

Get started by [creating a new file](#) or [uploading an existing file](#). We recommend every repository include a [README](#), [LICENSE](#), and [.gitignore](#).

...or create a new repository on the command line

```
echo "# RD" >> README.md
git init
git add README.md
git commit -m "first commit"
git remote add origin https://github.com/laurabiggins/RD.git
git push -u origin master
```



...or push an existing repository from the command line

```
git remote add origin https://github.com/laurabiggins/RD.git
git push -u origin master
```



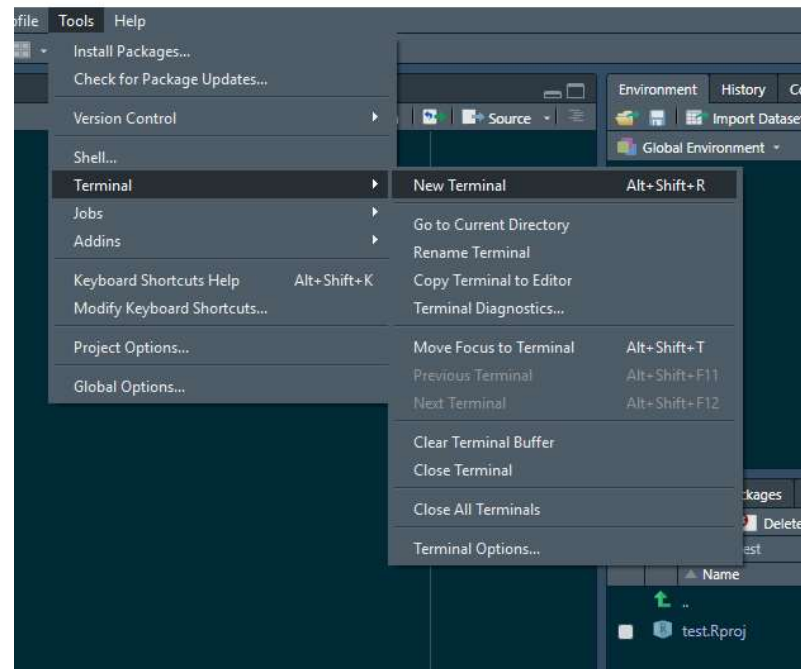
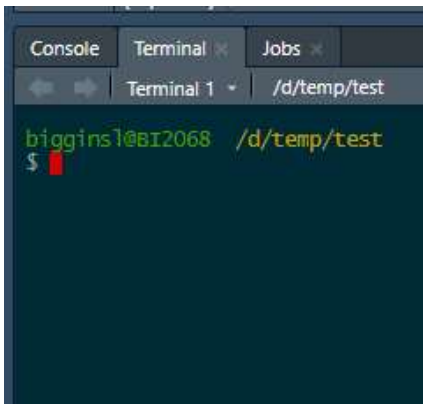
...or import code from another repository

You can initialize this repository with code from a Subversion, Mercurial, or TFS project.

[Import code](#)

Copy the 2
lines of code

Using the terminal in RStudio



Using the terminal in RStudio

...or push an existing repository from the command line

```
git remote add origin https://github.com/laurabiggins/RD.git  
git push -u origin master
```



```
bigginsl@BI2068 ~/Desktop/RD (master)  
$ git remote add origin https://github.com/laurabiggins/RD.git
```

```
bigginsl@BI2068 ~/Desktop/RD (master)  
$ git push -u origin master  
Enumerating objects: 14, done.  
Counting objects: 100% (14/14), done.  
Delta compression using up to 8 threads  
Compressing objects: 100% (10/10), done.  
Writing objects: 100% (14/14), 4.07 KiB | 694.00 KiB/s, done.  
Total 14 (delta 1), reused 0 (delta 0)  
remote: Resolving deltas: 100% (1/1), done.  
To https://github.com/laurabiggins/RD.git  
* [new branch]      master -> master  
Branch 'master' set up to track remote branch 'master' from 'origin'.
```